

To Marine Aviation, the Ace of Spades symbolizes some of the greatest exploits and the most outstanding names in the history of Marine Corps Aviation. It is the insignia of VMA-231 whose history virtually epitomizes the story of Marine Aviation. After being re-designated the First Air Squadron, the unit adopted the legendary Ace of Spades Insignia. With the Ace being the first card in a suit, it symbolizes the first Marine Corps squadron. The "A" in the

upper left stood for the word "Air" while the "S" in the lower right represented the

word "Squadron".

being decommissioned

The Ace of Spades is

Marshalls in 1944.

speed jet aircraft that was

VMA-231 began as 1st Division, Squadron D, on 8 February 1919 at Marine Flying Field, Miami, FL flying the JN-4D Jenny; a unit that emerged from the Northern Bombing Group of Northern France in 1918. By the end of February, the newly activated squadron arrived in Santo Domingo for duty with the Second Brigade. The unit was re-designated in 1921 as First Air Squadron. In August 1922 it was re-designated Observation Squadron 1 and converted to the DH-4B Liberty.

From Santo Domingo the squadron traveled to San Diego, California as aviation outfit to accompany a Marine Expeditionary Force. During the West Coast interlude, the late Major General Ross E. ROWELL, then a Major and Commanding Officer of VO-IM, and later VO-SM, concentrated on training in dive-bombing tactics. Such tactics were to prove invaluable to the squadron in Nicaragua, during July 1927, where to the rescue of the beleaguered Marine garrison at Ocotal and executed the first recorded dive bombing attack against an organized enemy, dispersing the insurgents and saving the

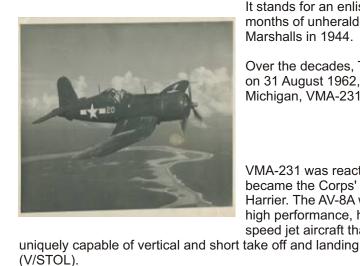
the squadron had been ordered the previous February. On 16 July 1927, at the famous Battle of Octal, ten personnel of VO-8M came Hayne Boyden, to whom it was awarded for their participation in the

garrison. Among the first Marine Aviators ever to receive the Distinguished Flying Cross were Major Rowell and Lieutenant battle of Ocotal. For ten years the squadron carried the designation VO-8M before

> in July 1933. A year later, it was reactivated and in 1937, re-designated Marine Scouting Squadron 2 which it retained until July 1941, when it became VMSB-231. Whatever its designation, it has always been identified by the Ace of Spades which has appeared on countless aircraft types from Curtiss Jennys and DH-4B Liberty planes in 1920, to Dauntlesses and Corsairs flown in the Marshalls in 1944 as dive bombers.

symbolic of names like A.A. Cunningham , Mulcahy, Wodarzck, Munsch, and Boyden in Nicaragua. It symbolizes the battle of Midway and Lofton R. Henderson who died leading the Aces on the first day of battle. It means Guadalcanal and the Cactus Ail-Force at Henderson Field, suffering nightly shelling from Japanese cruisers operating in The Slot. It recalls a 28-year-old commander Major Elmer Glidden, considered one of the best dive-bombers in the world in 1942. It is reminiscent of Captain Ruben Iden, who lays on far away Rennel Island in a grave prepared and tended by friendly natives.

It stands for an enlisted pilot named Bud Blass. It means flying from tiny Majuro Atoll and months of unheralded dive-bombing during so-called "milk-runs" in the bypassed



on 31 August 1962, after serving in reserve status in Akron, Ohio and Grosse Isle, Michigan, VMA-231 was deactivated and its historic insignia was mothballed.

Over the decades, The Ace of Spades has made its mark on Marine Corps history. But

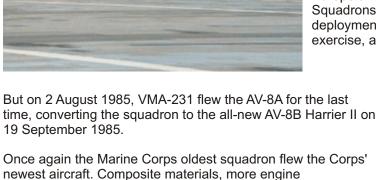
VMA-231 was reactivated on 15 May 1973, and the Marine Corps' oldest squadron became the Corps' newest, flying the Corps' newest aircraft, the Hawker-Siddeley AV-8A Harrier. The AV-8A was a high performance, high

Throughout the 1970's, VMA-231 participated in various deployments aboard U.S. Navy LPH's, LHA's and CV's to the

Mediterranean, Africa, Europe and also participated in NATO exercises. The Ace of Spades also captured many other firsts for V/STOL aviation such as in 1977, when VMA-231 was named V/STOL Squadron of the Year; June 1978 when VMA-231 was the first Harrier squadron to operate on an

LHA class ship, (LHA-2

deployments to the Mediterranean, Europe, participation in NATO exercise, and support U.S. Navy Carrier Battle Group operations.



performance, new avionics, and the angle rate bombing system gave VMA-231 a new and sharper cutting edge with

the AV-8B. For the latter half of the decade, VMA-231 continued its traditional deployments with the AV-8B II to Europe, Africa, and the Mediterranean. In May 1987, a 4-plane detachment participated in a practice assault in Honduras from aboard USS SAIPAN. During the 1980's, The Ace of Spades was recognized as the Marine Corps Aviation Association Squadron of the Year in 1981, 1982, and 1984.

join MAG-13 (forward). During the trip the squadron accrued 904 flight hours in December, a record for fleet Harrier squadrons. On the morning of 17 January 1991, DESERT SHIELD became DESERT STORM. Again, VMA-231 was in the forefront, flying

The Ace of Spades provided air operations every day of DESERT STORM, providing battlefield air interdiction, deep air support, close air support, helicopter escort, rescue combat air patrol, and reconnaissance missions against the enemy occupation forces in Kuwait. Sorties flown resulted in the destruction of enemy tanks, towed artillery pieces, command posts, armored personnel carriers and utility vehicles, ammunition storage sights, trench lines, FROGS, astro batteries, SA-2 sites, SA-6 sites, a myriad of antiaircraft artillery sights, self-propelled artillery, radar relay sites, fire-trenches, field fortifications, revetments, minefields, and enemy troops.

month in December 1990, flying from Iwakuni, Japan eastward to Southwest Asia in support of DESERT SHIELD. The "Ace of Spades" flew a total of 987 combat sorties and 1,195.8 hours during DESERT STORM. In total, 1660 Mk-82s, 62 Mk-83s, 969 Mk-20 Rockeyes, 78 Mk-77 Firebombs, and 22,709 rounds of 25MM munitions were expended. A grand total of 1,692,000 pounds of ammunition was delivered with devastating effect against enemy positions and equipment.

VMA-231 also supported Capabilities Exercises (CAPEX), Supporting Arms

Expeditionary Unit deployment commitments. This included one with the 24th MEU(SOC) aboard USS KEARSARGE where VMA-231 Harriers participated in the Tactical Recover of Aircraft & Personnel (TRAP) mission rescuing downed

peacetime mission of training and supporting WESTPAC and Marine

Air Force pilot Captain O'Grady.

During the 1990's, VMA-231 earned the CNO Safety Award for 1991, 1992, 1995 and 1996 and was selected as the Marine Corps Attack Squadron of the Year for 1992.

Training Exercise, and Combined Arms Exercises (CAX) through 1998. In April 1999, the Ace of Spades deployed with the 26th MEU(SOC) aboard the USS KEARSARGE and were involved in the combat operation Allied Force, bombing targets in the former Yugoslavia. The Ace of Spades also participated in Operation Joint Guardian, Shining Hope, Avid Response, and various other exercises.

totaling 5158 flight hours.



06-08.1 from Al Asad Airbase. The Ace of Spade supported After a long hiatus and as a direct result of the hard work and dedication during and after OIF, the Commandant of the Marine Corps selected the Ace of Spades as the Marine Corps's 2008 Marine Attack Squadron of the year! On 8 February 2009, The Ace of Spades turned 90 as the Marine Corps' oldest "Air Squadron". With 90 years of experience under its belt, the Ace of Spades continues it long heritage of being on the fore front of Marine Corps history when it deployed to Kandahar, Afghanistan in November 2009 in support of the 2nd Marine Expeditionary Brigade during

Operation Enduring Freedom.

The new millennium continued to bring training opportunities and MEU deployments to VMA-231. That is, until April 2003, a detachment of VMA-231 Harriers assigned to the 24th MEU flew in support of Operation Iraqi Freedom, entering the Ace

Spades would find themselves back in Iraq supporting OIF

Marine and Coalition forces by flying 1738 combat sorties

beginning, the Ace of Spades insignia has flown on planes of the United States Marine Corps and has played a vital role in Marine Corps' history. To honor its proud legacy, today's command bird (A/C 01) presents a "Since 1919" color scheme with its distinctive blue, white, and red tail with a classic Eagle, Globe and Anchor, and the characteristic black and white Ace of Spade insignia.

From 1919 to the present, VMA-231 continues to carry on the legacy and very essence of Marine Aviation. From the





